# Engineering Design & Carbon Removal

Next Generation Science Standards Covered HS-ETS1-1, HS-ETS1-2, HS-ETS1-3, HS-ETS1-4

Grade Level High School Duration 3 Weeks Related Documentary Legion 44



Tuvalu

# **Lesson Overview**

Students will explore carbon removal as a response to climate change, applying the engineering design process to develop and evaluate carbon management solutions. They will analyze real-world constraints, design a viable solution, model its impact, and critique peer proposals.



Biochar





# Week 1: Understanding the Problem

## Objectives

- 1. Define the major global challenge of accumulated CO<sub>2</sub> in the atmosphere.
- 2. Identify qualitative and quantitative criteria and constraints for carbon management

#### Activities

#### **Discussion & Documentary Segment (120 min)**

- 1. Show a 15-20 min segment of Legion 44 highlighting the impacts of CO<sub>2</sub> accumulation.
  - a. 00:00 18:24: Introduction to Carbon Removal and the Challenge
  - b. 18:24 33:27: Enhanced Rock Weathering & DAC
  - c. 36:55 1:03:37: DAC, Carbon Storage, & Biochar
  - d. 1:09:39 1:35:40: Seaweed Sinking, Ocean Alkalinity Enhancement, Algae/Biomass Burial
- 2. Facilitate a class discussion using guiding questions:
  - a. What are the primary sources of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions?
  - b. Why is CO<sub>2</sub> accumulation a global challenge?
  - c. What are potential solutions? What constraints exist (e.g., cost, energy use, land availability)?





#### **Research & Criteria Development (120 min)**

- Assign students to small groups to research different carbon management approaches (e.g., Direct Air Capture, BECCS, Ocean Alkalinity Enhancement).
- Have students identify qualitative and quantitative criteria for evaluating these solutions.
- Groups present findings, and the class compiles a shared list of key constraints and tradeoffs.

# Week 2: Designing and Modeling Solutions (HS-ETS1-2 & HS-ETS1-4) (HS-ETS1-1)

### **Objectives**

- 1. Develop a carbon removal solution based on scientific knowledge and engineering principles.
- 2. Use a computational or mathematical model to analyze its impact.





#### Project Launch & Proposal Development (60 min)

- 1. Students (individually or in teams) select a specific carbon management solution to design.
  - a. Provide a structured project outline:
    - i. Problem definition and constraints
    - ii. Proposed solution description
    - iii. Expected impact and feasibility
    - iv. Trade-off considerations

#### Solution Design & Computational Modeling (180 min)

- 1. Students refine their designs and run simulations to predict their impact. Suggested tools:
  - a. En-ROADS Climate Solutions Simulator works for afforestation, biochar, BECCS, soil carbon, DAC, ERW
  - b. Road to 10 Gigatons works for afforestation/reforestation, BECCS, soil carbon, DAC, ERW,
  - c. PhET Interactive Simulations Greenhouse effect
- 2. Students document assumptions, model results, and limitations of their approach.





# Week 3: Evaluation and Peer Review (HS-ETS1-3)

# **Objectives**

- Critically evaluate proposed solutions using engineering criteria.
- Provide constructive feedback on design trade-offs and feasibility.

# Activities

#### Peer Review & Debate (10-15 min presentation per group)

- 1. Students present their projects in small groups or to the class.
- 2. Peer evaluation using structured criteria:
  - a. Clarity of problem definition
  - b. Strength of proposed solution
  - c. Consideration of trade-offs and constraints
  - d. Use of models/simulations to support conclusions
- 3. Organize a debate where teams advocate for different solutions and challenge each other's approaches.





#### Final Reflection & Improvement Plan (1 Class Period)

- 1. Students reflect on peer feedback and document changes they would make to improve their design.
- 2. Exit Ticket: What was the most important trade-off you had to consider in your design?

# **Assessment and Grading**

- Participation in Discussions (15%) Engagement in class discussions and research activities.
- Project Proposal (20%) Clear problem definition, realistic constraints, and well-defined criteria.
- Final Project & Model (40%) Depth of analysis, use of simulations, and creativity of the solution.
- Peer Review & Reflection (25%) Thoughtfulness in evaluating peers and applying feedback.

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